# The Indian Subcontinent and History

# EXERCISE [PAGE 5]

## Exercise | Q 1.1 | Page 5

Answer the following in one sentence.

What is history?

**Solution:** History is a coherent account of the significant past events in the progress of human culture.

Exercise | Q 1.2 | Page 5

#### Answer the following in one sentence.

Where do human settlements flourish?

**Solution:** Human settlements have flourished wherever the means of living are plentiful.

## Exercise | Q 1.3 | Page 5

#### Answer the following in one sentence.

What do the people in the hilly region depend on for their food?

**Solution:** In the hilly regions, people depend more on hunting and gathering for their food.

## Exercise | Q 1.4 | Page 5

## Answer the following in one sentence.

Which is the earliest civilization in India?

Solution: The Harappan civilization was the earliest civilization in India.

# Exercise | Q 2.1 | Page 5

What does human life depend on?

**Solution:** Human life. in any region depends to a large extent on its geographical characteristics, diet, clothing, housing, and occupation.

# Exercise | Q 2.2 | Page 5

## Answer the following question in short.

What features of our surroundings form the means of our livelihood?

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**Solution:** The climate, rainfall, agricultural produce, flora, and fauna of the region where we live form the source or means of our livelihood.

## Exercise | Q 2.3 | Page 5

Which region is known as the Indian subcontinent?

**Solution:** Afghanistan, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, and India together form the region known as South Asia. Considering the expanse and significance of India in this region, it is also known as the Indian subcontinent.

## Exercise | Q 3.1 | Page 5

#### Give reason.

There is a close relation between history and geography.

#### Solution:

- 1. Time, place, society, and individuals are four major pillars without which history cannot be written.
- 2. Of these four components 'place' is related to geography or geographical conditions.
- 3. This makes history and geography inseparable i.e. very closely related.

## Exercise | Q 3.2 | Page 5

#### Give reason.

People are forced to leave their settlements.

#### Solution:

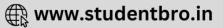
- 1. Sometimes reasons like degradation of the environment, drought, invasion, etc. lead to scarcity of means.
- 2. Therefore, people are forced to leave their settlements in their fight for survival.

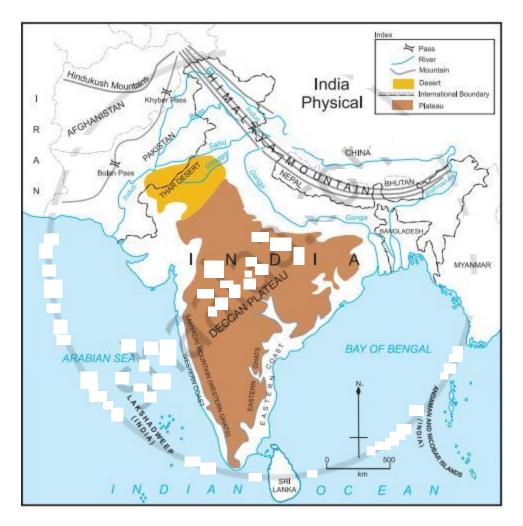
# Exercise | Q 5 | Page 5

#### Observe the physical map of India and answer the questions based on it.

- 1. Which mountain ranges lie in the north of India?
- 2. Which are the routes to India from the northeast?
- 3. Where do the Ganga and Brahmaputra meet?
- 4. Name the islands to the east of the Indian peninsula.
- 5. In which part of India do we see the Thar Desert?







## Solution:

- 1. The Hindukush and the Himalayan mountain ranges.
- 2. The route to India from the northeast is by sea.
- 3. The Ganga and Brahmaputra meet in Bangladesh.
- 4. The Andaman and Nicobar islands are the Indian islands to the east of the Indian peninsula.
- 5. We see the Thar Desert in the northwestern part of India.



